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| **طرح نگهداشت و افزایش تولید 27 مخزن** |
| **SAT PROCEDURE****نگهداشت و افزایش تولید میدان نفتی بینک** |
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| **Status:** | **IFA: Issued for Approval****IFI: Issued for Information****AFC: Approved for Construction**  |

**REVISION RECORD SHEET**

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1. **INTRODUCTION**

Binak oilfield in Bushehr province is a part of the southern oilfields of Iran, is located 20 km northwest of Genaveh city.

With the aim of increasing production of oil from Binak oilfield, an EPC/EPD Project has been defined by NIOC/NISOC and awarded to Petro Iran Development Company (PEDCO). Also, PEDCO (as General Contractor) has assigned the EPC-packages of the Project to "Hirgan Energy - Design and Inspection" JV.

1. **GENERAL DEFINITION**

The following terms shall be used in this document.

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| CLIENT:  | National Iranian South Oilfields Company (NISOC)  |
| PROJECT: | Binak Oilfield Development – Supply Of Fire Water Pumps |
| EPD/EPC CONTRACTOR (GC): | Petro Iran Development Company (PEDCO) |
| EPC CONTRACTOR/PURCHASER: | Joint Venture of: Hirgan Energy – Design & Inspection (D&I) Companies |
| VENDOR: | Kalaye Pump Company |
| EXECUTOR:  | Executor is the party which carries out all or part of construction and/or commissioning for the project. |
| TPI: | Third Party Inspector. |
| SHALL: | Is used where a provision is mandatory. |
| SHOULD: | Is used where a provision is advisory only. |
| WILL:  | Is normally used in connection with the action by CLIENT rather than by an EPC/EPD CONTRACTOR, supplier or VENDOR. |
| MAY:  | Is used where a provision is completely discretionary. |

1. **Scope**

This executive method aims to illustrate the way of the test and testing manufactured/repaired pumps in the factory to achieve assurance about their alignment to those determined characteristics as well as their quality.

1. **Usage domain**

The usage domain of this executive instruction includes all projects of Kalay-E-Pump Company and other common productions.

1. **Liabilities**

The quality control director is responsible for executing this instruction, furthermore product supervisor and technical office representative are present in the examination (Test) steps entirely, as auditors.

1. **References**

The testing operation of pumps/Electro pumps/Diesel Pumps belonging to Kalay-E-Pump Company is accomplished based on derivate tests of creditable global collected standards for centrifugal and fire fighting pumps and gathered movements. (API 610, NFPA 20)

1. **Proceeding description**

The performance tests for all project pumps is carried out according to API 610 and this procedure as well as customer project documents”.

7.1. Performance Test (Closed Cycle Method):

The purpose of this test is to be sure of the electro pump's technical features such as liquid pressure (Head) and output capacity (Debby) and their alignment with provided curves and characteristics for the customer. The closed cycle method was used in this test and output capacity (Debby) is measured using flow meter equipment.

7.1.1. Place the electro pump on the specific allocated site and attach input-output junctions and electricity connections. Install pressure gauge before input and after output. It should be noted that any knee or corner joints and converters are not used before the gauge.

7.1.2. When the electro pump is starting up you should consider the rotation direction which is clockwise for the pump shaft from the coupling side.

7.1.3. While the test is carried out, performance parameters such as differential head (bar), output capacity (m3/h), electromotor current (A) and voltage (V), and shaft rotation speed (rpm) must be measured and documented in all auditing points.

7.1.4. The job seals and bearings shall be used in the pump for the performance test. The seal (or seals) shall not have any leakage.

7.1.5. The performance curve is based on water (or gasoil) with the specifications of kinematics viscosity 1 cSt, and Specific Gravity 1kg/lit.

7.1.6. The test point for rated flow shall be within a tolerance band of ±3% of rated flow.

7.1.7. Control the flow with a control valve on the discharge line. Opening the discharge valve will cause to increase in the flow and a decrease in the differential head.

7.1.8. Document all mentioned parameters in 5.1.3 for a range of flow from shut off to 150% of rated flow as follows:

A) Shut off

B) Minimum Continuous Flow (MCF)

C) Midpoint of MCF and rated flow

D) Between rated flow and 105% of rated flow

E) Approximately the best efficiency flow (if rated flow is not within 5 % of best efficiency flowrate)

F) 150% of rated flow

Note: for jockey pumps end of the curve (point F) is 120% of BEP.

7.1.9. Result of these tests with corresponding curves are provided in the performance test report sheets.

7.1.10. After the test, the casing will be filled with gasoil to prevent oxidation.

7.1.11. The equipment used for this test is pressure gauges, a flow meter, probe to indicate the temperature, vibration, speed (rpm), and noise level indicator.

7.1.12. The power consumed by the electromotor is:

Power in (kw) = (√3 V (voltage)\*I (amp)\*cos∅\*motor η)/1000

The hydraulic power produced by pump is:

Hydraulic Power (KW) = (Q(m3/h) \* H (m)) / 367

1. **Equipment Alignment Check**

8.1. Requirements

Equipment flange must perfectly match the piping flange otherwise the problems will occur during bolting procedure. If alignment between pipe and pump is not perfect, then several problems may happen during installation like problems with bolting, and during operation like too high loads transferred on equipment nozzle, vibration etc. The alignment check should be performed for both inlet and outlet lines.

API RP 686 code provides the piping to equipment alignment requirements:

• Lateral direction allowable misalignment 1.5 mm (square sum of squares of two axis misalignments). The pipe and equipment flange axis lateral offset should not be greater than 1.5 mm (1/16 in.), without applying any external force. This requirement needed to ensure that flange bolts can be easily installed without application of external force.

• Axial direction allowable misalignment 1.5 mm. Flange face separation shall be within the gasket spacing ±1.5 mm (1/16 in.). Only one gasket per flanged connection shall be used.

• Rotation allowable misalignment 0.0573 degrees. The equipment and piping flange faces shall be parallel to less than 0.01 mm per 10 mm (0.001 in. per in.) of pipe flange outer diameter up to 0.75 mm (0.030 in.). For piping flange outer diameters smaller than 25 cm (10 in.), the flanges shall be parallel to 250 micrometers (0.010 in.) or less. Allowable angle calculated using the equation: ArcTan(0.01 mm/10 mm) = 0.0573 deg

Also, the equipment manufacturers may offer their own guidelines regarding the allowable misalignment values.



 8.2. Importance of Flange Alignment

It is critical that the piping be carefully aligned to the pump flanges, and that the piping not be forced into place when the pipe flanges are bolted to the pump flanges. Poor flange alignment will place a tremendous amount of force on the casing – a condition referred to as flange loading – and may result in shaft misalignment as the casing shifts, increased vibration, bearing failures, mechanical seal failures, and cracks in the pump casing.

8.3. How do you check flange alignment?

Flange alignment does not have to be as perfect as shaft alignment. When checking flange alignment the goal is to ensure that the piping is not exerting force on the flange bolts, and through them, the pump casing.

In order to verify that the piping is not loading the pump flanges, while the piping and pump are empty and out of service loosen all of the flange bolts at the same time and verify that they slide in and out of the bolt holes easily. If the piping is pressing the bolts against the bolt holes in the pump flange, then the bolts will not slide easily and the piping is not adequately aligned to the pump flange.