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| **طرح نگهداشت و افزایش تولید 27 مخزن** |
| **BASIS OF PROCESS DESIGN FOR GAS DEHYDRATION PACKAGE****نگهداشت و افزایش تولید میدان نفتی بینک** |
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**REVISION RECORD SHEET**

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# INTRODUCTION

Binak oilfield in Bushehr province is a part of the southern oilfields of Iran, is located 20 km northwest of Genaveh city.

With the aim of increasing production of oil from Binak oilfield, an EPC/EPD Project has been defined by NIOC/NISOC and awarded to Petro Iran Development Company (PEDCO). Also, PEDCO (as General Contractor) has assigned the EPC-packages of the Project to "Hirgan Energy - Design and Inspection" JV. As a part of the Project, a New Gas Compressor Station (adjacent to existing Binak GCS) shall be constructed to gather of 15 MMSCFD (approx.) associated gases and compress & transfer them to Siahmakan GIS.

# SCOPE

The scope of this document is to summarize general project information, site conditions and the engineering data requirements needed for design of project. Additional requirements and data shall be derived from design criteria for each trade of engineering.

# NORMATIVE REFERENCES

## REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

* BK-GCS-PEDCO-120-PR-SP-0001-D05 “Duty Specification for Gas Dehydration Package (PK-2101)”.
* BK-GNRAL-PEDCO-000-PR-DB-0001 “Process Basis of Design”
* BK-GNRAL-PEDCO-000-PR-DC-0001 “Process Design Criteria”

# ABBREVIATIONS

| **Abbreviation** | **Description** |
| --- | --- |
| NISOC | National Iranian South Oil Company |
| API  | American Petroleum Institute |
| IPS | Iranian Petroleum Standard |
| ASME  | American Society of Mechanical Engineers |
| BBL | US Barrel  |
| MMSCFD  | Million Standard Cubic Foot per Day |
| STBOD | Standard Barrel Oil per Day |
| P&ID  | Piping & Instrumentation Diagram |
| PFD  | Process Flow Diagram |
| PPM | Part per million |

# GENERAL DATA

## SITE LOCATION

Binak oilfield in Bushehr province is a part of the southern oilfields of Iran, located 25 km northwest of Genaveh city.

Longitude: 50°; 35’

Latitude: 29°; 73’

Elevation from sea level for Binak New GCS: ≈ 12.5 m.



## FEED SPECIFICATION

**Table 1-1: New Oil Production Wells Location and Coordination**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Case**  | ***Unit*** | **Summer Case** | **Winter Case** |
| **Vapor Frac on a Mole Basis**  |  | 1 | 1 |
| **Temperature**  | C  | 59.89  | 60 |
| **Pressure**  | Bar-g  | 53.9  | 53.9 |
| **Design Temperature**  | C  | 130  | 130 |
| **Design Pressure**  | Bar-g  | 62  | 62 |
| **Molar Flow**  | kgmole/h  | 702.4  | 703.7 |
| **Mass Flow**  | kg/h  | 17252.5  | 15170.9 |
| **Heat Flow**  | kW  | -17478.8  | -16496.2 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Component** | **Molar component fraction** |
| **H2O**  |  | 0.0045  | 0.0036 |
| **CO2**  |  | 0.0318  | 0.0252 |
| **H2S**  |  | 0.0544  | 0.0471 |
| **Methane**  |  | 0.6427  | 0.7398 |
| **Ethane**  |  | 0.1383  | 0.1142 |
| **Propane**  |  | 0.0778  | 0.0474 |
| **i-Butane**  |  | 0.0084  | 0.0039 |
| **n-Butane**  |  | 0.0187  | 0.0081 |
| **I-Pentane**  |  | 0.0070  | 0.0031 |
| **N-Pentane**  |  | 0.0038  | 0.0014 |
| **n-Hexane**  |  | 0.0066  | 0.0022 |
| **n-Heptane**  |  | 0.0020  | 0.0005 |
| **n-Octane**  |  | 0.0006  | 0.0001 |
| **n-Nonane**  |  | 0.0003  | 0.0001 |
| **n-Decane**  |  | 0.0001  | 0.0000 |
| **Nitrogen**  |  | 0.0030  | 0.0031 |

## ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

Followings are the climatic and Site conditions of the Binak Oilfield CGS:

**Table 6-3: Site Condition of Ramshir Production Unit**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Air Temperature | Maximum recorded temperature | + 50 °C |
| Minimum recorded temperature | + 5 °C |
| Maximum steel surface temperature exposed to sun | 85 °C |
| Soil Temperature | Soil Temperature in Winter | 15.6 °C |
| Soil Temperature in Summer | 32.2 °C |
| Humidity | Maximum relative humidity  | 100 % |
| Minimum relative humidity | 0 % |
| Wind | Maximum wind velocity for Mechanical Calculation | 120 (km/hr) |
| Average wind velocity for Thermal Calculation | 5 (m/s) |
| Wind | Flare Thermal Radiation | 10 (m/s) |
| Prevailing wind direction | NW to SE |
|  |  |  |
| Heat Flux | Solar Radiation Heat Flux | 1010 W/m2 |
| Earthquake | Seismic zone | 0.3 g |

## PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Vendor is required to guarantees below water content in outgoing dry gas. The maximum concentration of water in the dry gas at the outlet of the gas dehydration package calculated based on Dew Point equal to 5 °C (determined according to 10 degrees distance from minimum operating temperature) and the result is that 11.63 Ib/MMSCF in winter case and 11.43 Ib/MMSCF in summer case.

## CONTROL SYSTEM

Packaged control type C is requested as per BK-GNRAL-PEDCO-000-IN-SP-0004. Unit shall be fully controlled (monitoring and control functions and safety) by the UCP and BMS systems. Two control systems (UCP+ BMS) in control Room for this package will be supplied. LCP is required for monitor/control commands such as burner control command. UCP and BMS logic shall be provided to be implemented in DCS and ESD. The package is equipped with its instruments, wired by means of appropriate cables and cable routing. The cables are connected to the junction boxes located at the skid edge battery limits or at edge of base plate. All controls are incorporated into the UCP and BMS by the system Vendors.

## Turn Down Ratio

Sour gas dehydration package shall be designed in order to treat 35% of its normal capacity.

## QUALIFICATIONS.

## Still Column Overhead Pressure

The Still Column Overhead will operate at 1.0 bar g maximum, based on the maximum back pressure in the LP Flare System.

## Lean Glycol Purity

Based on the required Dry Gas Dew Point (+ 5 °C), the lean glycol optimal purity is 99.7 % wt (i.e. maximum water content 0.3 % wt, on a glycol/water binary system basis).

## Lean Glycol Flow Rate

The optimal lean Glycol Flow rate has been set at 775 kg/h, corresponding to a TEG / Water pickup ratio of about 13.7 TEG kg per kg of removed water.

## Regeneration Section Configuration

The lean glycol purity of 99.7 % wt can be achieved with one theoretical stripping section stage. Therefore, a dedicated stripping column has been deemed not necessary. The lean glycol purity can be reached by injecting the stripping gas directly inside the surge drum by means an adequate diffuser device.

Moreover, a separated surge drum is no required. The regeneration is performed in a single vessel divided in two compartments: the first compartment is the reboiler section, where the firetube and smoke tube are located, and where a purity of about 98.8 % wt can be reached at the boiling temperature of 204 °C. A weir separates this compartment by means the downstream surge drum section, where the stripping gas is injected through a sparger, achieving the final purity of 99.7 % wt.

From surge drum, the lean glycol flows by gravity to the glycol/glycol heat exchanger, and then to the circulation pumps.

## Glycol/Glycol Heat Exchanger Hairpin Type Selection

Considering the low flow rate and the high required temperature approach, a longitudinal finned double pipe hairpin type heat exchanger has been selected both for glycol/glycol heat exchanger and for glycol/dry gas heat exchanger. The advantages of this exchanger type can be summarized as follows:

* Provides pure counter current flow allowing temperature crossing and close temperature approach.
* Doesn’t require expansion joint even with wide temperature differentials.
* At low flow rates, provides a more efficient thermal design.
* Easy maintenance with removable bundle option.
* Annular side low pressure drop.

In case of glycol/glycol exchanger, the lean glycol has been selected to flow annular side (matching the low pressure drop requirement to assure the NPSH of glycol circulation pumps). In case of dry gas/lean glycol exchanger, the dry gas flows in the inner pipe, resulting in a more effective thermal design.

## Exchangers Fouling Factor.

According to the Project Specification BK-GNRAL-PEDCO-000-PR-DC-0001 “Process Design Criteria”, the following fouling factors will be assumed in thermal sizing of heat exchangers:

* Glycol side (lean & rich): 0.0004 m2 K / W (0.000465 m2 h K / kcal)
* Dry Gas side: 0.0002 m2 K /W (0.000233 m2 h K / kcal)

## Glycol Circulation Pump Selection

API 675 fixed flow rate pump type has been selected for the glycol recirculation pumps.

To control the flow rate to the contactor, a recycle line from the pumps’ discharge line (downstream the dry gas/glycol exchanger), routing the excess of glycol flow rate back to the pumps’ suction, will be provided. On the recycle line, a suitable flow control valve will be provided.

The line starts from downstream the dry gas/glycol exchanger to recycle back cold glycol, taking the advantage of lowering the glycol temperature at pump suction, increasing a bit the pumps’ NPSH available.

## Overdesign Margin / hold up time.

According to the Project Specification BK-GNRAL-PEDCO-000-PR-DC-0001 “Process Design Criteria”, the following design margin will be considered in the equipment sizing:

* Glycol contactor: 10 % on flow rate
* Reciprocating pumps: 15 % on flow rate
* Heat exchangers: 10 % on duty and flow rate
* Reboiler: 10 % on duty

Hold-up Time:

* Contactor: 15 minutes hold up time between LSL and LAH
* Surge Drum: 20 minutes from LAL and NLL
* Flash Drum: 30 minutes residence time in separation section
* Flash Drum: 10 minutes hold up time between LSL and LAH (glycol compartment)

## Fuel Gas / Stripping Gas Conditions and Composition

**Table 5-1-1: New Oil Production Wells Location and Coordination**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | ***Unit*** |  |
| **Inlet Operating Temperature (normal)**  | °C | 48 |
| **Inlet Operating Pressure (normal)** | Bar-g  | 4.9  |
| **Design Temperature**  | C  | 85 |
| **Design Pressure**  | Bar-g  | 9  |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Component** | Molar Fraction |
| **H2O**  | 0.0002 |
| **CO2**  | 0.0319 |
| **H2S**  | 0.0540 |
| **Methane**  | 0.6459 |
| **Ethane**  | 0.1391 |
| **Propane**  | 0.0782 |
| **i-Butane**  | 0.0085 |
| **n-Butane**  | 0.0188 |
| **I-Pentane**  | 0.0070 |
| **N-Pentane**  | 0.0038 |
| **n-Hexane**  | 0.0066 |
| **n-Heptane**  | 0.0020 |
| **n-Octane**  | 0.0006 |
| **n-Nonane**  | 0.0003 |
| **n-Decane**  | 0.0001 |
| **Nitrogen**  | 0.0030 |

## Pumps’ NPSH

According to the Project Specification BK-GNRAL-PEDCO-000-PR-DC-0001 “Process Design Criteria”, the calculated NPSH available for the pump shall be at least 1 m higher than the NPSH required by the pumps (based on the manufacturer's indication). In determining the NPSH available, a loss of 0.61 m shall be associated to any permanent strainer on the pumps’ suction line.

## Glycol Filters

The package includes:

* N. 2 x 100 % rich glycol mechanical filters (cartridge type) for the removal of solid particles impurities
* N. 1 rich glycol carbon filter, sized for 25 % of total flow rate, for removal of glycol thermal degradation products or other organic impurities, to avoid their accumulation in the glycol circuit along the time.
* N. 1 x 100 % lean glycol mechanical filter (cartridge type) installed on the glycol pumps’ discharge line (the requirement for this filter is under evaluation).

## Reboiler Firetube & efficiency.

Reboiler firetube shall be sized to limit the heat flux within a maximum of 14.000 kcal/m2 h (as average value on the heat transfer surface). The heat density (as heat flux through the firetube section) shall not exceed 6.000 Btu/h inch2.

The Firetube heating efficiency shall be not below 70%, determined as the process duty (including 10% design margin) divided by burner duty.